



Web Services

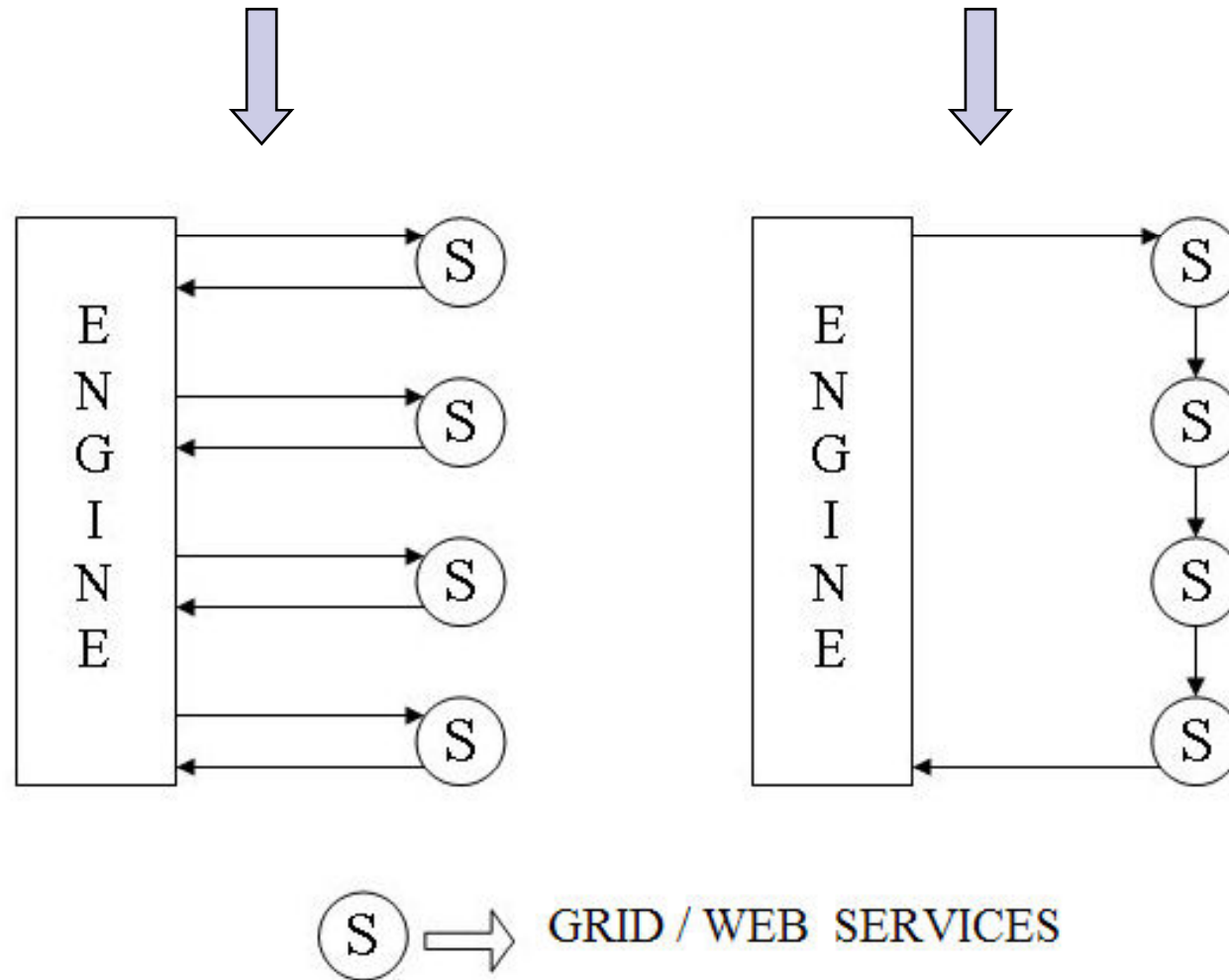
- XML-based technology for distributed computing
- Web service = a software system designed to support interoperable Machine to Machine interaction over a network
- Web Services Description Language (WSDL), an XML document containing:
 - Message types of the service & Message types to be returned & exceptions
 - linked method as “port types”
- Using WSDL, it is possible to know how to access and use a service



Grid Services

- Grid Services extends Web Services to handle stateful and transient services.
- OGSA defines an open architecture for distributed services on the Grid.
- WSRF (Web Service Resource Framework) defines an infrastructure specifying the Grid service (WS-resources) defined by OGSA.
- Globus Toolkit 4 implements WSRF and its services and permits to implement distributed applications on computational Grids.

Orchestration and Choreography





ProCKSI

- Limited scalability of ProCKSI
 - Collect all info to a central point
 - Time consuming methods
- Actual configuration permits to deal with about 400 proteins
- As of July 31, 2007, 41298 protein structure in PDB (cite Azhar)
 - About 850 million of pair wise comparison
 - We need Grid computational power and storage



Distributed ProCKSI Scenario

- A user want to build a **workflow**, composing of basic services, as preprocessing steps, protein comparisons, clustering, visualizing, etc..
- This application must work on a large sets of proteins, he needs a lot of resources (cluster/grid)
- ProCKSI should automatically run the workflow on a **dedicated** cluster or on computational grids
- Additional properties: failure recovery, checkpoints, scheduling using the best resources available



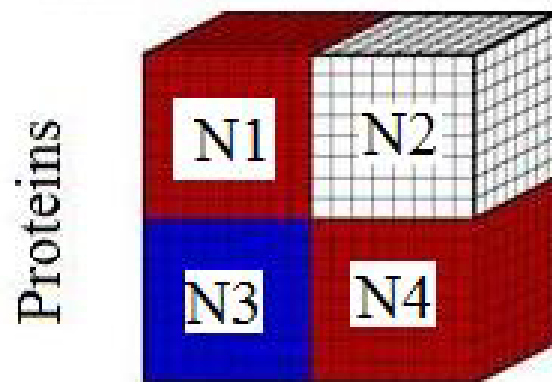
Distributed ProCKSI

- Web/Grid Service implementation of methods as MaxCMO, USM, FAST, etc., receiving two proteins (or to receiving a set of proteins or a matrix) and returning a similarity vector (maybe stateful and transient)
 - Most computing expansive (MaxCMO) could be run on clusters
- Web Service for computing Contact Map
- Distribution of data (moving model instead of data)
- Consensus methods more adapt to Grid
 - Data all too large to be collected in a central place (models could be collected)

Decompositon of the domain

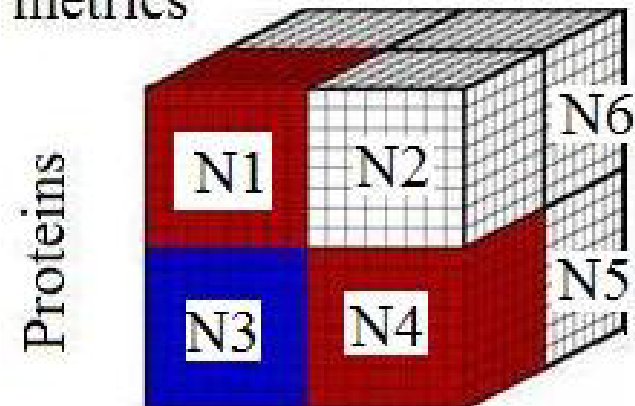
- The ProCKSI tridimensional matrix (proteins, proteins, metrics)
- Consider a set of resources (nodes of the clusters or machines on the grid) N1, N2, N3...
- Actual decomposition decompose along the metrics axis

metrics



Proteins

metrics



Proteins



Issues in Distributed ProCKSI

- Grain of the Web service
 - I run a web service computing a single pair wise comparison or a web service computing a portion of matrix
- Scheduling tasks in presence of multiple users
- Asking more grid resources to university and external institutes
- Needs of local repositories or cache to maintain information
- Exploiting potentialities of GT4 for transferring data (RFT and GridFTP) and (maybe) OGSA-DAI for replicating data



BPEL4WS

Using BPEL4WS for building user defined workflows

Business Process Execution Language for Web Services

- XML-based Language
- Composition of Web Service distributed on the Web
- Supports stateful Web Services and Grid Services
- Drag & drop based tools for generating BPEL code.
- Uses typical construct of programming languages (if, while,...) to define the flow of web services (workflow)